# **MITSUMI** Digital output Micro Differential Pressure Sensor

# MMR940 Datasheet

#### DESCRIPTION



The MMR940 digitally outputs a micro differential pressure value which was corrected. Customers need no correction because it corrects and outputs the differences of sensors and temperature characteristics. It does not require complicated sensor drive or control circuit, and devices with high performance can be made only with this module and an external microcontroller which will be the host.

#### FEATURES

- Dual nozzle package:29(W) ×18(D) ×14.25(H)mm
- Operating pressure range
   C02 rank: -20~20cmH2O(-1.961~1.961kPa)
   C04 rank: -40~40cmH2O(-3.922~3.922kPa)
   C07 rank: -70~70cmH2O(-6.865~6.865kPa)
   C10 rank: -100~100cmH2O(-9.807~9.807kPa)
- Effective resolution: 0.002cmH2ORMS (0.196PaRMS) (at MODE4)
- Pressure measurement error C02 rank: ±2.0(TBD)[%FS] C04,C07,C10 rank: ±1.0(TBD) [%FS]
- It corrects the differences of sensors and temperature characteristics when shipped from our factory.
- It digitally outputs pressure value corrected in the module. (12C) 12C slave address (7 bits) is 0x67
- Noise reduction is possible by a built-in Low Pass Filter.
- This product complies with RoHS.
- This product contains halogen.

rank		Pressure Unit Conversion Table							
Idlik	cmH2O	mbar	bar	psi	inchH2O	İ.W.C	Pa	kPa	
C02	±20	±19.61	±0.01961	±0.2845	±7.9402	±7.9402	±1961	±1.961	
C04	±40	±39.23	±0.03923	±0.5689	$\pm 15.8804$	$\pm 15.8804$	±3922	±3.922	
C07	±70	±68.65	±0.06865	±0.9956	±27.7907	±27.7907	±6865	±6.865	
C10	±100	±98.07	±0.09807	±1.4223	±39.7010	±39.7010	±9807	±9.807	

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## BLOCK DIAGRAM



Fig. 1 Block diagram

## PIN CONFIGURATION



Fig. 2 Pin configuration (Top view)

note' B:Pressure opening to Bottom of MEMS sensor die T:Pressure opening to Top of MEMS sensor die



Fig. 3 Pin configuration (Bottom view)

## TERMINAL EXPLANATIONS

Table 1 Pin table

No.	Pin Name	Туре	Function
1	SCL	1/0	Serial clock for I2C communication (SCL)
2	VDD	I	Power-supply
3	GND	-	GND
4	SDA	1/0	Serial Data (Input and output) for I2C communication (SDA)
-	Т	-	Pressure opening to Top of MEMS sensor die (T) Output value decreases when Pressure opening (T) is pressurized.
-	В	-	Output value increases when Pressure opening (B) is pressurized.

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

#### (unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Storage temperature range	T <sub>STG</sub>	-40	85	°C
Analog supply voltage	VDD <sub>MAX</sub>	-0.3	4.0	V
Digital input voltage	VDIN <sub>MAX</sub>	-0.3	VDD + 0.3	V
Overpressure (note <sup>1</sup> )	P <sub>MAX</sub>	-200 (-19.6)	200 (19.6)	cmH2O (kPa)
Burst pressure (note <sup>2</sup> )	P <sub>Burst</sub>	TBD	TBD	cmH2O (kPa)
Pressure medium (note <sup>3</sup> )	-	Non-corrosive Gas	(non-condensing)	-

note<sup>1</sup>: Overpressure is the maximum pressure to which the device can be taken and still meet specifications when return to the Operating pressure range.

note<sup>2</sup>: Burst pressure is the pressure at which the IC is damaged and leaks occur.

note<sup>3</sup>: Storage and operation in an environment of dry and non-corrosive gases.

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

#### (unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C)

Item		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Operating temperature range		Topr	-40	_	85	°C	
Supply	voltage	VDD <sub>opr</sub>	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Operating pressure range	C02 rank		-20 (-1.961)	-	20 (1.961)		
	C04 rank		-40 (-3.922)	-	40 (3.922)	cmH2O (kPa)	
	C07 rank	Popr	-70 (-6.865)	-	70 (6.865)		
	C10 rank		-100 (-9.807)	-	100 (9.807)		
	C02 rank		-	20 (1.961)	_		
Full Scale	CO4 rank	FC	_	40 (3.922)	-	cmH2O	
	C07 rank	FS	-	70 (6.865)	-	(kPa)	
	C10 rank		-	100 (9.807)	-		

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Analog characteristics

(unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit.
VDD Current consumption	VDDact	Pressure measure active	640	800	960	
	VDDsd	Shutdown	-	0.1	1.0	μΑ
	t <sub>con1</sub>	MODE1	0.385	0.395	0.405	
Conversion time (note <sup>4</sup> )	t <sub>con2</sub>	MODE2	0.770	0.790	0.810	2000
Conversion time (note-)	t <sub>con3</sub>	MODE3	1.54	1.58	1.62	IIISEC
	t <sub>con4</sub>	MODE4	3.08	3.16	3.24	

note<sup>4</sup>: The conversion time is longer when the temperature is measured once every 256 times and the characteristic correction is updated.

#### Digital I/O

## (unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.0~3.6V)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
High level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	0.8 × VDD	-	VDD +0.3	V
Low level input voltage	VIL	-	-0.3	-	0.2 × VDD	V
Output voltage Low level	Vol	IoL=3mA	-	-	0.4	V

#### C02 rank Pressure sensor characteristics

(unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating pressure range	Popr	-	-20	-	20	cmH2O
Full Scale	FS	_	-	20	-	cmH2O
Pressure resolution	P <sub>Res</sub>	_	-	0.00001	-	cmH2O
	P <sub>Eres1</sub>	MODE1 (tcon1 = Typ 0.395ms)	-	0.019	0.076	
Pressure effective	P <sub>Eres2</sub>	MODE2 (tcon2 = Typ 0.790ms)	-	0.009	0.036	cmH2O
resolution	P <sub>Eres3</sub>	MODE3 (tcon3 = Typ 1.58ms)	-	0.004	0.016	RMS
	P <sub>Eres4</sub>	MODE4 (tcon4 = Typ 3.16ms)	-	0.002	0.008	
Pressure measurement	P <sub>Err</sub>	-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = 0°C∼50°C	-2.0(TBD)	-	2.0(TBD)	%FS
error		-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-6.0(TBD)	-	6.0(TBD)	(note <sup>5</sup> )
		-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C	-1.30	-	1.30	%FS
Pressure span accuracy	PSacc	-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-4.00	-	4.00	(note <sup>5</sup> )
Pressure span accuracy Long term drift	Psitd	-20 ~ 20cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b> Test condition = 0 <b>~50°C 1000h</b>	-	-	±0.7	%FS (note⁵)
	D	-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C	-0.44	-	0.44	%FS
Pressure linearity	ΥL	-20 ~ 20cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-1.20	-	1.20	(note <sup>5</sup> )

note<sup>5</sup>: Ratio to Full Scale (20cmH2O).

#### CO4 rank Pressure sensor characteristics

(unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating pressure range	Popr	-	-40	-	40	cmH2O
Full Scale	FS	-	-	40	_	cmH2O
Pressure resolution	P <sub>Res</sub>	-	_	0.00001	_	cmH2O
	P <sub>Eres1</sub>	MODE1 (tcon1 = Typ 0.395ms)	-	0.019	0.076	
Pressure effective resolution	P <sub>Eres2</sub>	MODE2 (tcon2 = Typ 0.790ms)	-	0.009	0.036	cmH2O
	P <sub>Eres3</sub>	MODE3 (tcon3 = Typ 1.58ms)	-	0.004	0.016	RMS
	P <sub>Eres4</sub>	MODE4 (tcon4 = Typ 3.16ms)	-	0.002	0.008	
Pressure measurement	D	-40 ~ 40cmH2O Ta = 0°C∼50°C	-1.0(TBD)	-	1.0(TBD)	%FS
error	Perr	-40 ~ 40cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-3.0(TBD)		3.0(TBD)	(note <sup>6</sup> )
	D	-40 ~ 40cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b>	-0.65	-	0.65	%FS
Pressure span accuracy	PSacc	-40 ~ 40cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-2.00		2.00	(note <sup>6</sup> )
Pressure span accuracy Long term drift	Psitd	-40 ~ 40cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C Test condition = 0~50°C 1000h	_	-	±0.35	%FS (note <sup>6</sup> )
Deserves liss onit		-40 ~ 40cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b>	-0.22	-	0.22	%FS
Pressure linearity	ΥL	-40 ~ 40cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-0.60		0.60	(note <sup>6</sup> )

note<sup>6</sup>: Ratio to Full Scale (40cmH2O).

#### C07 rank Pressure sensor characteristics

(unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating pressure range	Popr	-	-70	-	70	cmH2O
Full Scale	FS	_	-	70	-	cmH2O
Pressure resolution	P <sub>Res</sub>	_	-	0.00002	-	cmH2O
	P <sub>Eres1</sub>	MODE1 (tcon1 = Typ 0.395ms)	-	0.019	0.076	
Pressure effective	P <sub>Eres2</sub>	MODE2 (tcon2 = Typ 0.790ms)	-	0.009	0.036	cmH2O
resolution	P <sub>Eres3</sub>	MODE3 (tcon3 = Typ 1.58ms)	-	0.004	0.016	RMS
	P <sub>Eres4</sub>	MODE4 (tcon4 = Typ 3.16ms)	-	0.002	0.008	
Pressure measurement	P <sub>Err</sub>	-70 ~ 70cmH2O Ta = 0°C∼50°C	-1.0(TBD)	-	1.0(TBD)	%FS
error		-70 ~ 70cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-3.0(TBD)	-	3.0(TBD)	(note <sup>7</sup> )
		-70 ~ 70cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b>	-0.65	-	0.65	%FS
Pressure span accuracy	PSacc	-70 ~ 70cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-2.00	-	2.00	(note <sup>7</sup> )
Pressure span accuracy Long term drift	Psitd	-70 ~ 70cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b> Test condition = 0 <b>~50°C 1000h</b>	-	-	±0.35	%FS (note <sup>7</sup> )
Deserves lieserit	D	-70 ~ 70cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b>	-0.22	-	0.22	%FS
Pressure linearity	ΥL	-70 ~ 70cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-0.60	-	0.60	(note <sup>7</sup> )

note<sup>7</sup>: Ratio to Full Scale (70cmH2O).

#### C10 rank Pressure sensor characteristics

(unless otherwise specified, Ta=25°C, VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating pressure range	Popr	-	-100	-	100	cmH2O
Full Scale	FS	-	-	100	-	cmH2O
Pressure resolution	P <sub>Res</sub>	_	-	0.00002	-	cmH2O
	P <sub>Eres1</sub>	MODE1 (tcon1 = Typ 0.395ms)	-	0.019	0.076	
Pressure effective	P <sub>Eres2</sub>	MODE2 (tcon2 = Typ 0.790ms)	-	0.009	0.036	cmH2O
resolution	P <sub>Eres3</sub>	MODE3 (tcon3 = Typ 1.58ms)	-	0.004	0.016	RMS
	P <sub>Eres4</sub>	MODE4 (tcon4 = Typ 3.16ms)	-	0.002	0.008	
Pressure measurement	P <sub>Err</sub>	-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C	-1.0(TBD)	-	1.0(TBD)	%FS
error		-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-3.0(TBD)	-	3.0(TBD)	(note <sup>8</sup> )
	D	-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C	-0.65	-	0.65	%FS
Pressure span accuracy	PSacc	-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-2.00	-	2.00	(note <sup>8</sup> )
Pressure span accuracy Long term drift	Psitd	-100 ~ 100cmH2O <b>Ta = 0°C~50°C</b> Test condition = 0 <b>~50°C 1000h</b>	-	-	±0.35	%FS (note <sup>8</sup> )
December l'accesti		-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = 0°C~50°C	-0.22	-	0.22	%FS
Pressure linearity	ΥL	-100 ~ 100cmH2O Ta = - <b>20°C~85°C</b>	-0.60	-	0.60	(note <sup>8</sup> )

note<sup>8</sup>: Ratio to Full Scale (100cmH2O).

#### Temperature sensor characteristics

(unless otherwise specified,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ , VDD=3.3V)

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Temperature measurement error	T <sub>acc</sub>	0°C~ 50°C Initial temperature ADC value (Timing Chart Temperature n=1st)	-2.0	-	2.0	°C

Definition of characteristics

Pressure measurement value Presult

It is the device output value obtained by Read Pressure Result Command.

 $\label{eq:Pressure} Pressure\ resolution\ \ P_{Res}$ 

This Value is equivalent to 1LSB of output digital value.

Pressure effective resolution PEres

Measure 16 points after the pressure output is stable, and it is the standard deviation of the 16 points.

Pressure measurement error PErr

It is the deviation amount of the Pressure measurement value from the ideal line. (Refer to Fig. 4) Fig. 5 shows source of error included in the pressure measurement error.

Pressure linearity PL

It is the amount of deviation from the Ref. line connecting measurement value –FS cmH2O with FS cmH2O. (Refer to Fig. 4)



Fig. 4 Definition of Characteristics

#### Pressure span accuracy $P_{Sacc}$

It is the accuracy removing the error caused by the offset from the pressure measurement error. (Refer to Fig. 5)



Fig. 5 Source of Error

Pressure span accuracy Long term drift P<sub>Sltd</sub>

The amount of fluctuation in Pressure span accuracy over a long term.

## FUNCTION EXPLANATION

#### Function Outline

The MMR940 is consists of piezo resistive pressure sensor and an analog front end IC.

It converts analog output voltage from piezo resistive pressure sensor to digital value of 24 bits, and corrects and outputs variations of sensor characteristics due to variations of temperature and process.

Conversion time and Pressure effective resolution are selectable with the mode of different four. Conversion time and Pressure effective resolution are in the relationship of trade-off.

Noise reduction is possible by a built-in Low Pass Filter. Cutoff frequency of Low Pass Filter can be changed.

#### State transition table



Fig. 6 State transition diagram

	Table 2	State	transition	table
--	---------	-------	------------	-------

State Command	Shutdown	Active	Idle
Reset	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown	Power on Reset & Initial Boot =>Shutdown
Active	Reset & Boot Load	Ignore(note <sup>9</sup> )	=>Active state
	=>Active state(AD conversion)	=>Keep state	(AD conversion)
Result	Ignore(note <sup>9</sup> )	Output result	Do not issue(note <sup>10</sup> )
	=>Keep state	=>Keep state	=>Keep state
Idle	Reset & Boot Load =>Idle state	Do not issue(note <sup>11</sup> ) =>Idle state	=>Keep state
MACRAM Write	Ignore(note <sup>9</sup> )	Do not issue(note <sup>11</sup> )	Change cutoff frequency
	= >Keep state	=>Keep state	=>Keep state
Status	Output code	Output code	Output code
	=>Keep state	=>Keep state	=>Keep state

note<sup>9</sup>: NACK is returned to the command. note<sup>10</sup>: **The correct result isn't output. Additionally, ACK is returned to the command.** 

note<sup>11</sup>: Although command is acceptable, it goes unintended behavior since sequence is running.

#### Command code

				Table 3	3 Comr	mand c	ode lis	t				
Command						Annalis also Canada						
	Name		<u> </u>	6	65	C4 BI	N. C3	(2	<u>(1</u>	00	Applicable format	
Reset		0x72	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	I2C Write format	
		Reset a	nd Retu	irn to Sł	nutdowr	n state.	It beco	mes bu	sy for th	ne maxi	mum 1.8msec.	
Idle		0x94	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	I2C Write format	
		Start up the internal circuit and put it in the idle state.										
	Measure at MODE 1	0xA0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0		
	Measure at MODE 2	0xA2	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	100 Write format	
Active	Measure at MODE 3	0xA4	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	<u>12C WITTE TOTTTlat</u>	
	Measure at MODE 4	0xA6	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0		
		Start AD	) conve	rsion.								

Command Code													
	Command				Com	Manu Cu Bl	N				Applicable format		
	Name	HEX.	C7	C6	C5	C4	C3	C2	C1	СО			
	Normal	0xC0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	120 Combined format		
	With Low Pass Filter	0xC4	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	<u>T2C Combined format</u>		
		Read co It outpu <b>A negat</b> About o 0 ~ 838 -838860 Howeve conditio	It outputs the result of pressure measurement at 24bits, MSB first. <b>A negative number is expressed by 2's complement.</b> About output range, in case of positive output : 000000 h ~ 7FFFFF h (in decimal number : 0 ~ 8388607), in case of negative output : FFFFFF h ~ 800000 h (in decimal number : -1 ~ -8388608) However, the result of measurement when being used beyond a recommended operating condition can't be guaranteed.										
		C02 rank, C04 rank Pressure value = DEC. / 10^5											
Re	ad Pressure Result	Output example:           HEX.         DEC.         Pressure           800000 h         -8388608         -83.88608 cmH20           C2F700 h         -4000000         -40.00000 cmH20           E17B80 h         -2000000         -20.00000 cmH20           FFFFFF h         -1         -0.00001 cmH20           000000 h         0         0.00000 cmH20           000000 h         1         0.00000 cmH20           1E8480 h         2000000         20.00000 cmH20           3D0900 h         4000000         40.00000 cmH20           7FFFFF h         8388607         83.88607 cmH20											
		Output ( HE) 8000 B3B4 CA98 FFFF 0000 0000 3567 4C4B 7FFF	example (. 00 h C0 h 20 h FF h 00 h 00 h E0 h 40 h FF h	= DEC. ∋: -83886 -50000 -35000 35000 50000 83886	x 2 / 1 08	Pres 167.772 100.0000 -70.0000 -0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 100.0000 167.772	sure 16 cmH 20 cmH 20 cmH 22 cmH 20 cmH 20 cmH 20 cmH 20 cmH	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20					

|--|

Command	Command Code										
Name	HEX.	07	<u> </u>			BI	V.	<u></u>	01	<u> </u>	Applicable format
	0xC2	1	1	0	)	0	0	0	1	0	12C Combined format
Read Temperature Result	Read compensated temperature result.         It outputs the result of pressure measurement at 24bits, MSB first.         A negative number is expressed by 2's complement.         About output range, in case of positive output : 000000 h ~ 7FFFFF h (in decimal numbe -8388607), in case of negative output : FFFFFF h ~ 800000 h (in decimal numbe -8388608)         However, the result of measurement when being used beyond a recommended op condition can't be guaranteed.         Temperature value = DEC. / 2^7         Output example:         HEX.       DEC.         Temperature         000000 h       0         001900 h       6400							F h (in decimal number : n decimal number : -1 ~ recommended operating			
	0x80	1	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	12C Combined format
Status	Output 8 D7 0 1 1	bits dat D6 0 1 1	a depe D5 0 1 1	ending D4 0 0 0	0 0 0 1	the IC D2 0 1 1	conditi D1 0 0 0	ons D0 0 1 1	State Shutdo Idle Active	wn	
	OxE4	1	1	1		0	0	1	0	0	I2C MACRAM Write format (special format)
IVIAC KAIVI WITLE	It is used	d for wr	iting fil	ter co	effic	ient. F	or the f	ilter co	efficient	, refer t	to <u>10-6. LowPassFilter</u> .

Table 5 Command code list (contir	iued)
-----------------------------------	-------

Flow chart of pressure/temperature measurement



Fig. 7 Flow chart of pressure/temperature measurement

note<sup>12</sup>:Temperature is measured once every 256 times and the pressure characteristic correction is updated. Conversion time will be longer at this timing.

#### Timing Chart



Fig. 8 Timing Chart

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#### Low Pass Filter

Noise reduction is possible by a built-in Low Pass Filter. Pressure value with Low Pass Filter applied can be got using command code 0xC4. Cutoff frequency fc can be changed by filter coefficient 4Bytes calculated by the equation (1). Filter coefficient is written to the IC using the MACRAM Write command in the idle state. Filter coefficient is cleared to the default value in the shutdown state.



Fig. 9 Low Pass Filter Configuration

rabie e example el enalación man Eem raber men	Table 6	example	of	character	with	Low	Pass	Filter
--	---------	---------	----	-----------	------	-----	------	--------

Cutoff frequency		No filter	fc=100Hz	fc=10Hz
Pressure effective resolution example	MODE1	0.019	0.012	0.0068
	MODE2	0.008	0.0064	0.0034
[cmH2O RMS]	MODE3	0.0044	0.0036	0.0022
	MODE4	0.0025	0.0023	0.0013

#### Filter coefficient equation

## Filter coefficient(4Bytes) = $2^{27} \times \exp(-2\pi \times f_c \times t_{con})$ ······(Eq1)



Fig. 10 Filter coefficient example

## SERIAL COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

It supports I2C (max.3.4Mbps) as an interface for serial communication.

Baud rate

\* This item is not inspected at the time of shipment. (unless otherwise specified,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $VDD=3.0 \sim 3.6 \vee$ )

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I2C communication speed	BR <sub>12C1</sub>	Cb≦100pF	-	-	3.4	Mbpc
	BR <sub>12C3</sub>	Cb≦400pF	-	-	1.7	squivi

#### **I2C AC Characteristics**



Fig. 11 I2C AC timing chart

Items	Symbol	Cb=1	00pF	Cb=4		
		min.	max.	min.	max.	
SCL frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	0	3.4	0	1.7	MHz
Start condition setup time	t <sub>su;sta</sub>	160	-	160	-	ns
Start condition hold time	t <sub>hd; sta</sub>	160	-	160	-	ns
Stop condition setup time	t <sub>su;sto</sub>	160	-	160	-	ns
Data setup time	t <sub>su; dat</sub>	20	-	20	-	ns
Data hold time (note <sup>13</sup> )	t <sub>hd;dat</sub>	20	70	20	150	ns
SCL rise time	t <sub>rCL</sub>	10	40	20	80	ns
Rise time of SCL after ACK (When clock stretch is released.)	t <sub>rCL1</sub>	10	80	20	160	ns
SCL fall time	t <sub>fCL</sub>	10	-	20	80	ns
SDA rise time	t <sub>rDA</sub>	10	80	20	160	ns
SDA fall time	t <sub>fDA</sub>	10	80	20	160	ns

#### Table 7 I2C AC Characteristics

note<sup>13</sup>: This product does not have the function to retain data in SDA. Please ensure the hold of SDA with 20nsec for the area where SCL falling edge is not defined.

#### I2C format

It conforms to I2C protocol except some special formats. I2C address is the total of 8 bits. The first 7 bits are slave address and the rest of 1 bit is R/W bit. Slave address of MMR940 (7 bits) is 0x67. I2C address (8 bits) will be 0xCE (Write) and 0xCF (Read) by combining with R/W bit.

	Table 8 I2C address											
		I2C Address (8 bit)										
		Slave address (7 bit)										
HEX.	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	AO	R/VV DIL				
OxCE	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0				
OxCF	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1				

#### I2C Write format

Please send I2C address of 8 bits (0xCE) by Write Mode. Then please send command code.

(	S	Slave address (1100111b)	W	А	Command	Α	Ρ
---	---	-----------------------------	---	---	---------	---	---

Fig. 12 I2C Write format

	: Master to Slave
	Slave to Master
Α	: ACK
NA	: NACK
W	: Write request (L)
R	Read request (H)
S	Start condition
Р	: Stop condition

#### Combined format

Please send I2C address (0xCE) and the command code by Write Mode. Then please send I2C address (0xCF) by Read Mode. It outputs the data MSB first

S	Slave address (1100111b)	W	А	Command	А	Р				
 S	Slave address (1100111b)	R	А	Data (MSB)	А	Data	Α	Data	NA	Ρ

Fig. 13 I2C Combined format

I2C MAC Write format (special format)

It is a format unique to this product that does not partially conform to I2C protocol. Please send I2C address (0xCE), the command (0xE4), and memory address (0x6F) by Write Mode. Then send the data of 4Bytes Filter coefficient. At this time, please be careful that NACK is returned after transmitting LSB. After receiving data, it becomes busy for the maximum 15msec in order to data- writing. During this time, SCL is put in clock stretch. When data- writing is completed, SCL is released.

S	Slave address (1100111b) W A		Command (0xE4)		A Memory address (0x6F)		Filter coefficient (MSB)	Α	]—		
→ Filter coefficient		A Filter coefficient		А	Filter coefficient (LSB)	NA	Clock stretch	Р			
Special format Busy point (Max 15msec)											
	Fig. 14 I2C MACRAM Write format										

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Fig. 15 Typical Electrical Connection

note<sup>14</sup>: The longer the bus line on the board, the larger the parasitic capacitance and communication waveform rounding becomes.

In this case, reduce the pull-up resistor to improve the communication waveform. (Min 1.2k ohm) **X**It should be designed in accordance with "NXP's UM10204: I2C-bus specification and user manual".

note<sup>15</sup>: Place the bypass capacitor for the power supply as close to the IC as possible.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

TBD

## PACKAGE STRUCTURE



		Wetted	Material	
Part Name	Material	B Side	T Side	Remarks
10 shis t	Silicon (Si)	~	~	
IC chip I	Aluminium (Al), Tungsten (W)		~	
IC chip 2	Si, Al, W, Copper (Cu), Tantalum (Ta)		~	
Printed wiring board 1	Epoxy resin, Glass fiber, Acrylic resin, Gold (Au)		~	
	Cu, Nickel (Ni)	$\Sigma_{\rm m}=1$		
District in the second of	Epoxy resin, Glass fiber, Acrylic resin	1	~	
Printed wiring board 2	Au, Cu, Ni	100	~	
Cover 1	PBT, Glass fiber	~	~	
Cover 2	PPS, Glass fiber, Carbon black	-	~	
Au wire	Au	P-5	~	
1441	Tin (Sn)		~	
Lead	Cu, Ni, LCP			
Silicone paste	Silicone, SiO2	~	~	
DAF Tape	Epoxy resin		~	
Epoxy paste	Epoxy resin, SiO2, Carbon Black	~	~	
Ag paste	Silver (Ag), Epoxy resin	127	~	
Solder	Sn, Ag, Cu		~	

## DIMENSIONS



PIN No.	Name
1	sa.
2	VDD
3	GND
4	SDA

TBD



#### PRODUCT LINEUP

Product Name	Rank	Pressure Range	Packing	Status
MMR940C02A	C02	-20~20cmH2O(-1.961~1.961kPa)	Tray	Planning
MMR940C04A	C04	-40~40cmH2O(-3.922~3.922kPa)	Tray	Developing
MMR940C07A	C07	-70~70cmH2O(-6.865~6.865kPa)	Tray	Planning
MMR940C10A	C10	-100~100cmH2O(-9.807~9.807kPa)	Tray	Planning

## PRESSURE SENSOR LINEUP

Function	Product Name	Size [mm] (L x W x H)	Pressure Range [Pa]	Full Scale [Pa]	Pressure Measurement error [%FS]	Span Accuracy [%FS]	Effective Resolution [PaRMS]	Packing	Halogen	Status
	MMR920C02A	7 x 7 x 7.2	-1,961 ~ 1,961	1,961	2.0	1.30	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning
	MMR920C02ARE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-1,961 ~ 1,961	1,961	2.0	1.30	0.2	Taping (R)	Contain	Planning
	MMR920C04A	7 x 7 x 7.2	-3,922 ~ 3,922	3,922	1.0	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Developing
	MMR920C04ARE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-3,922 ~ 3,922	3,922	1.0	0.65	0.2	Taping (R)	Contain	Developing
	MMR920C07A	7 x 7 x 7.2	-6,865 ~ 6,865	6,865	1.0	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning
Gage Pressure Sensor	MMR920C07ARE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-6,865 ~ 6,865	6,865	1.0	0.65	0.2	Taping (R)	Contain	Planning
	MMR920C10A	7 x 7 x 7.2	-9,807 ~ 9,807	9,807	1.0	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning
	MMR920C10ARE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-9,807 ~ 9,807	9,807	1.0	0.65	0.2	Taping (R)	Contain	Planning
	MMR906XAN	6 x 5 x 7.2	-1,000 ~ 40,000	40,000	-	0.66	1.0	Tray	Free	MP
	MMR906XARE	6 x 5 x 7.2	-1,000 ~ 40,000	40,000	-	0.66	1.0	Taping (R)	Free	Developing
	MMR902A34A	7 x 7 x 7.2	-1,000 ~ 40,000	40,000	2.3	0.66	0.7	Tray	Free	MP
	MMR902A34ABE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-1,000 ~ 40,000	40,000	2.3	0.66	0.7	Taping (B)	Free	Developing
	MMR902A34ARE	7 x 7 x 7.2	-1,000 ~ 40,000	40,000	2.3	0.66	0.7	Taping (R)	Free	Developing
	MMR940C02A	29 x 18 x 14.25	-1,961 ~ 1,961	1,961	(2.0)	1.30	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning
Differential	MMR940C04A	29 x 18 x 14.25	-3,922 ~ 3,922	3,922	(1.0)	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Developing
Sensor	MMR940C07A	29 x 18 x 14.25	-6,865 ~ 6,865	6,865	(1.0)	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning
	MMR940C10A	29 x 18 x 14.25	-9,807 ~ 9,807	9,807	(1.0)	0.65	0.2	Tray	Contain	Planning

#### NOTES

Safety Precautions

- Though Mitsumi Electric Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "Mitsumi") works continually to improve our product's quality and reliability, semiconductor products may generally malfunction or fail. Customers are responsible for complying with safety standards and for providing adequate designs and safeguards for their hardware, software and systems which minimize risk and avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of this product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury, or damage to property, including data loss or corruption. Before customers use this product, create designs including this product, or incorporate this product into their own applications, customers must also refer to and comply with (a) the latest versions or all of our relevant information, including without limitation, product **specifications, data sheets and application notes for this product and (b) the user's manual**, handling instructions or all relevant information for any products which is to be used, or combined with this products. Customers are solely responsible for all aspects of their own product design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the appropriateness of the use of this product in such design or applications; (b) evaluating and determining the applicability of any information contained in this document, or in charts, diagrams, programs, algorithms, sample applications. Mitsumi assumes no liability for customers' product design or applications.
- This product is intended for applying to computers, OA units, communication units, instrumentation units, machine tools, industrial robots, AV units, household electrical appliances, and other general electronic units.
- If you have any intentions to apply this product to the units related to the control and safety of transportation units (vehicles, trains, etc.), traffic signaling units, disaster-preventive & burglar-proof units, or the like, contact our sales representatives in advance.
- Don't apply this product to any aeronautical & space systems, submarine repeaters, nuclear power controllers, medical units involving the human life, or the like.
- Before using this product, even when it is not used for the usage written above, notify and present us beforehand if special care and attention are needed for its application, intended purpose, environment of usage, risk, and the design or inspection specification corresponding to them.
- If any damage to our customer is objectively identified to be caused by the defect of this product, Mitsumi is responsible for it. In this case, Mitsumi is liable for the cost limited to the delivery price of this product.

Application considerations during actual circuit design

- The outline of parameters described herein has been chosen as an explanation of the standard parameters and performance of the product. When you actually plan to use the product, please ensure that the outside conditions are reflected in the actual circuit and assembling designs.
- · Before using this product, please evaluate and confirm the actual application with this product mounted and embedded.
- To investigate the influence by applied transient load or external noise. It is necessary to evaluate and confirm them with mounting this product to the actual application.
- Any usage above the maximum rating may destroy this product or shorten the lifetime. Be sure to use this product under the maximum rating.
- If you continue to use this product highly-loaded (applying high temperature, large current or high voltage; or variation
  of temperature) even under the absolute maximum rating and even in the operating range, the reliability of this product
  may decrease significantly. Please design appropriate reliability in consideration of power dissipation and voltage
  corresponding to the temperature and designed lifetime after confirming our individual reliability documents (such as
  reliability test report or estimated failure rate). It is recommended that, before using this product, you appropriately
  derate the maximum power dissipation (typically, 80% or less of the maximum value) considering parameters including
  ambient temperature, input voltage, and output current.

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If you export or take products and technologies in this document which are subject to security trade control based on the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act to overseas from Japan, permission of the Japanese government is required.

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- In case of any question arises out of the description in this specification, it shall be settled by the consultation between both parties promptly.

#### ATTENTION

• This product is designed and manufactured with the intention of normal use in general electronics. No special circumstance as described below is considered for the use of it when it is designed. With this reason, any use and storage under the circumstances below may affect the performance of this product. Prior confirmation of performance and reliability is requested to customers.

Environment with strong static electricity or electromagnetic wave

- Environment with high temperature or high humidity where dew condensation may occur
- This product is not designed to withstand radioactivity, and must avoid using in a radioactive environment.

#### ADDTTIONAL NOTES

- The pressure medium which can use directly is only air. Please do not use other media, especially corrosive gases (organic solvent gas, sulfurous acid gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, etc.) and media which include moisture and foreign substance, since they could cause damages or malfunctions.
- Please handle it noting the foreign body mixing with the pressure opening and atmospheric pressure opening after opening packing.
- When cut folding the PCB after mounting this product, take measures to prevent stress to the package. Also, when you insert the tube in this product, please note that plugging it vertically. Load in the lateral direction of the cover of the nozzle is up to 1kg or less. (Load condition: position of height 4mm from the marking surface.) Excessive load could cause damages of cover, or air leak by peeling from the interface of the cover and the substrate, or malfunctions.
- The light that enters from the pressure entrance reaches the semiconductor chip. Please avoid use in the environment that light enters into the pressure entrance directly, because the semiconductor chip might malfunction because of light.

## PACKING SPECIFICATIONS (TRAY)

TBD

## CONDITION FOR PACKAGE MOUNTING

TBD

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